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THE NEW YORK TIMES, FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1986

Art: 'Engaging Objects,' Audience Participation in Cultural Zoo

By MICHAEL BRENSON

NGAGING OBJECTS: The Participatory Art of Mirrors, Mechanisms and Shelters" is one of the more unusual shows of the season. The subject is what Tom Finkelpearl, the coordinator of the Clocktower Gallery and curator of the exhibition, calls "audience-activated" art. What this means is art that is set in motion by our physical presence or move-ment — like sitting on it, talking into

it, rocking it or wearing it.

The show is like a cultural zoo.

Dean McNeil's vacuum cleaners lie inside a cage writhing like snakes and grinding like a pneumatic drill. Turn-ing the switch of Aimee Rankin's music box theater called "Bliss" is the signal for lights, smells and opera. Bill and Mary Buchen's "Sonic Maze" is a homemade pinball machine in which the ball bounces off xylophones and bells. Activating Nam June Paik's video screen means. making noises into microphones. The exhibition definitely does not offer the hallowed silence of a museum.

One of the aims of the show is to suggest the number of artists interested in engaging the audience in what they see as a more direct and squal way than traditional painting and sculpture. "The invitation to par-icipate," Finkelpearl writes in the atalogue, should make viewers "more aware of the uniqueness and subjectivity of their response to the

"Within parameters set by the artist," he says, "the viewer becomes a creative force, discovering and inventing a work for himself."

There are 18 artists in all. Robert

Smithson is represented by a 1964 kinetic piece. Vito Acconci's "Stretched Facade" — one of several works using mirrors — consists of a large face shaped like a funhouse boat with seats in the mouth and eyes. boat with seats in the mouth and eyes. Accompanying the show, in an al-most-adjacent gallery, there are works by Stephen Barry, one of Clocktower's studio residents. In his "Sirens" we whiz back and forth in a chair, overlooking a whirlpool-like maze, listening to siren-like sounds and looking at two modern-day sirens, a young man and woman, beckoning with their eyes and puckering their lips on screens in front of us.

The piece that Finkelpearl describes as the most "technically sophisticated" is Myron W. Krueger's "Interactive Environment." It is a computer-based work in which our image activates visual and audio programs on a screen and speakers. grams on a screen and speakers. As we move our fingers through space, we create images and sounds. In one of the programs, called "Critter," a creaturely presence appears along-side us on the screen. We can move it about and make it jump, but we can not catch or control it.

The problem with the show lies in the claims that are made for it. Be-fore Modernism, and even in most modernist art apart from Minimal-ism and Formalism, artists worked with a sympathetic understanding of the needs of the public. From the beginning of the century many artists have been fascinated at one time or another by the idea of a more perfect union between art and viewer. To suggest that serious artistic considera-tion of the public is new, or to argue that physical participation can estab-lish a relationship with the public that is more honest, more complete and more respectful of its "uniqueness and sublectivitiu". and subjectivity" does not make a lot

What the show reveals is that art depending upon our physical partici-pation in order to function tends to have little imaginative substance. As entertaining and clever as the objects in this exhibition are, they tend to in this exhibition are, they tend to stop the imagination, not inspire it. The most engaging objects are those that do not depend upon our physical involvement. Like some of Mark di Suvero's sculptures, Wenda Habe-nicht's "Shy Man's Throne" and David Schafer's "Folly" are, both sculptures on which we can swing. Both have a scale that makes us want to swing on them in the first place.

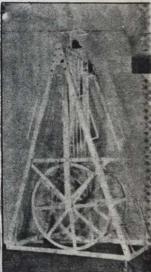
to swing on them in the first place.

Liz Phillips's sound installation,
"Sound Syzygy" — which with Buky
Schwartz's video-and-sculpture installation called "Pink Roof" makes

the upstairs gallery the most effec-tive corner of the show — fills up space like sculpture. It picks up sounds — all sounds — through sensors and turns them into beeps and pings and music. Because of the way it makes us aware of space, aware of our relation to a particular space and aware of sound as something that affects us whether or not we hear it, it is the most effective piece in the show.

The exhibition, sponsored in particular space and the Clocktower Gallery.

by the David Bermant Foundation, is at the Clocktower, 108 Leonard Street, through June 15. Hours are Wednesday through Sunday, 12 to 6 P.M.



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David Schafer Sculptor 247 Water Street Brooklyn, NY 11201 (718) 834-4598 Born: Kansas City, MO August 14, 1955

EDUCATION:

M.F.A., University of Texas at Austin, 1983. B.A., University of Missouri, Kansas City, MO, 1979. Kansas City Art Institute, Kansas City, MO, 1977-79.

SELECTED GROUP EXHIBITIONS:

1986 - "Brooklyn 86", The Community Gallery at the Brooklyn Museum. "Outdoor Sculpture Show", Fulton Ferry State Park, Brooklyn, NY. Outdoor sculpture installation on campus of the Long Island City University, C.W. Post.

"The Engaging Object", The Clocktower, NY.
"The Watermelon Show", The Hirondelle Gallery, NY.
"Sculpture in Place", outdoor sculpture installation, Manhattan Community College, NY.

Fifi Oscard Associates, Inc., NY.

1985 - "Construction/Obstruction", Port Authority Bus Terminal, New York, NY. "The Living Room", 14 Sculptors Gallery, New York, NY.
"Classical/Romantic", Ammo Gallery, Brooklyn, NY.
"Outdoor Sculpture", BWAC (Brooklyn Waterfront Artist Coalition), Fulton

Ferry State Park, Brooklyn, NY.

"New Art in New York", Parsons School of Art and Design, New York, NY.
"Masters of War", Ammo Gallery, Brooklyn, NY.
"Horse Show", Ammo Gallery, Brooklyn, NY.

Gallery Hirondelle, New York, NY.

"Small Pieces, Big Ideas", Pan Arts, Northside Arts Industries, Brooklyn, NY. "3rd Annual Watermelon Show", Richmond, VA.

1984 - Berlin Club, New York, NY. "Watermelon Show", Richmond, VA. Diverse Works, Houston, TX.

1983 - "Art Museum of Southern Texas II", Corpus Christie, TX.

"Terminal Show", Brooklyn, NY.
"Metropolitan Museum Staff Show", New York, NY.

Huntington Art Museum, Austin, TX.

Designer Space, Austin, TX.

Brazos Gallery, Austin, TX.

"Watermelon Show", Brazos Gallery, Austin, TX.

"4th Texas Sculpture Symposium", University of Texas Campus, Austin, TX.

GRANTS AND AWARDS:

1985 - "New Art in New York", first place, cash award, New York, NY. Artist Space, New York, NY, individual grant. Artist Space, New York, NY, group exhibition grant.

82, 83 Ford Foundation Scholarship, University of Texas at Austin.

BIBLIOGRAPHY: 1986

The Engaging Object, The Clocktower, NY. (catalogue) "Soho to Dumbo", On the Avenue, vol. 2, no. 5, NY, February. "Taking Part in Downtown Art", New York Newsday, May 9, NY. "Engaging Objects, Audience Participation in Cultural Zoo", The New York Times,

May 30, NY.

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David Schafer 247 Water Street Brooklyn, New York 11201 718-834-4598

December 9,1986

Ed leffingwell Special Projects at PS1 46-01 21st St. I.I.C. New York 11101

Mr. Ed leffingwell,

I would like to be considered for a special projects studio in the spring of 87.

What I had in mind was the installation of two of my large sculptures, "UU" 9'x 11'x 12' and "Little Demon" 13'x 4'x 3'.
"UU" is being painted now (dark green) and has never been shown,
"Little Demon" was built in the summer of this year for the Watermelon Show at the Hirondell Callery.

My work: Confrontation of reason and nonreason, secret presence, iron cage of rationality, social and institutional structures, tools of analysis, practical by-products, signs, allusions, the form does not speak for itself, ambiguous reason, coded objects, deceptively utilitarian, sign vehicles, operational double, reflection of a basic reality, pragmatic paradox, a meaning scandal.

It seems to enhance the irrational functions of my work to exhibit them in rooms like those at PS1, they were meant to be indoor sculptures. The ambiguity of meaning is displayed. The viewer is able to compare and contrast in a deliberate and obvious manner. I like to think of the installation as a showroom and my sculptures as cars.

Enclosed are 10 slides, blueprint of "UU", one page resume, NY Times review and SASE.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely. David Schafer

David Schafer