## Museum of Modern Art

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No. 82
FOR RELEAGE:
Wednesday, August 2, 1967
PRESS PREVIEW:
Tuesday, August 1, 1967
11 a.m. - 4 p.m.

Dur old "Iron Horse" Mutoscopes and one sheet metal machine, fondly remembered from the moving original turn-of-the-century one-minute moving pictures and as "Diving Horses," "Mr. Hurry-Up" and "What the Bootblack Saw," in the Audi-Crium Gallery of The Museum of Modern Art. The movies, actually flip card reels, are from the archive of the Museum and are being exhibited here publicly for the liftst time. The Mutoscopes are from the collection of Douglass Crockwell, illustator and filmmaker.

The continuing vitality of the 70-year-old medium is illustrated in the exhibition by six modern Mutoscopes encased in plexiglas, designed by Mr. Crockwell for
reels he has made employing a variety of techniques, including photography, prints,
color cards and lettering.

In deference to the electronic age and the Museum audience, the penny slots used by the original viewers have been plugged, the hand wheels stopped, and the achines now operate electrically. Promotional title-cards, a cartoon about Mutocopes and enlarged photo blow-ups supply the background for the machines themselves. ine Mutoscope reels, including "Affair of Honor," "(W)ringing Good Joke," "Horse hief" and "Robbed of Her All," are combined by Mr. Crockwell in his film The Classic merican Mutoscope, continuously projected in the gallery on a 30 x 40 inch screen. MUTOSCOPES, which will be on view from August 2 through October 1, is directed Margareta Akermark, Associate Director, Department of Film, and designed and stalled by Clyde Rich, an architect on the Museum's staff.

For about twenty years, Douglass Crockwell has sought Mutoscopes and their reels junk and antique stores and in the amusement parks of Coney Island and Palisados.

Mutoscopes were often in poor condition, and he has repaired, wired and painted and installed original reels.

Born in 1904, Mr. Crockwell is an artist and illustrator whose work has appeared dely in national magazines. Two of his films, <u>Glens Falls Sequence</u> (1946) and <u>Falles</u> (1947), are in the Museum's film collection and will be shown here duesday, August 2, at 12 noon. Mr. Crockwell lives in Glens Falls, New York, where is a Trustee and Acting Director of The Hyde Collection, a museum of the fine arts trated by a charitable Trust.

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HISTORY OF THE MUTOSCOPE

Mutoscope, a precursor of the motion picture, utilizes a reel of cards that

Dates rapidly, either by hand cranking or battery, thus creating a moving image.

The individual cards were contact printed from 70 mm film.

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Although by the late 1880's motion pictures were wide Although by the late 1880's motion pictures were widely in use, the projector had not yet been invented, and Edison's Kinetoscope, a film-viewing box, was used in penny arcades. The first Mutoscope was produced in 1895 and soon replaced the earlier machine since the cards of stills were larger than the film frames and they not deteriorate with use. By 1897, the Mutoscope dominated the arcade parlors; some of the early machines and reels are still being operated commercially.

The original Mutoscope patent was issued in 1895 to Herman Casler of Oneonta, New York, and the prototype was built in the D.C. Lipe Machine Shop in Syracuse, where he worked. Some time later, W.K.L. Dickson, an associate of Edison, stated that the original idea was his. The two men and two other partners formed a syndicate that later became the American Mutoscope and Biograph Company. Although the card-flipping principle was not new (thumb books had been in use for years), the circular card reel was an innovation. The viewing time of one rotation (800 to 850 cards) was about one minute, the same as that of the average thirty-foot film produced by the existing cameras.

The Biograph Company developed its own camera, the "Mutograph", and later a projector, the "Biograph." With this projector, the commercial motion-picture theater became a reality, and the Mutoscope fell into disregard, though it continued its life in the arcades.

Between 1897 and 1907, the classic age of the Mutoscope, over 4,000 titles and 100,000 reels were printed and distributed, and perhaps 500 of these are still in existence. The actors and actresses -- hundreds of personalities from the stage -appeared anonymously. Some reels were made in series like "Happy Hooligan," "Rip Van Winkle" and "Foxy Grandpa," others were broad morality plays and comedies, and (more)

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cill others were scenic views like "Niagara Falls," "Atlantic City Boardwalk" and raris from the Seine," in which the camera shot generally remained rigidly fixed.

After projected films began to be produced, newsreels, sporting events and sollywood films were cut to fit the Mutoscope's one minute viewing time. Chaplin, which was an action of the Mutoscope is above all famous for the "Girlies" dance and strip-tease subjects.

The Mutoscope reel has proved to be/especially good, durable vehicle for the ction picture under one minute. Douglass Crockwell's new Mutoscopes, encased in lexiglas boxes rather than the traditionally enclosed cast iron, permit viewing at least a dozen people, thus taking the art out of the category of a peep-show lie maintaining the impression of close personal contact. The Mutoscope permits the development of an artistic idea seen in sequence, rather than flat on a wall.

Beginnings of the Biograph by Gordon Hendricks, the story of the invention of the Mutoscope and its technical development, published in 1964 by The Beginnings of the American Film, is on sale at the Museum bookstore.

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Iron Horse	Matoscope (with girlie show inside), sheet
Iron Horse	Mutoscope, from painted black and silver ofth
Iron Horse	Mutoscope, iron with red bottom and blue and white top
Iron Horse	Mutoscope, iron with blue and white top, white
Iron Horse	Mutoscope, iron painted grey and gold gilt
Crockwell:	Shadograph Mutoscope, shadograph on metal pedestal
Crockwell:	Mutoscope (new), reel installed in plexiglass vitrine on metal pedestal, yellow base
Crockwell:	Mutoscope (new), reel installed in plexiglass vitrine on metal pedestal, blue base
Crockwell:	Mutoscope (new), reel installed in plexiglass witrine on metal pedestal, red base
Crockwell:	Mutoscope (new), reel installed in plexiglass vitrine on metal pedestal, green base
Crockwell:	Mutoscope (new), reel installed in plexiglass vitrine on metal pedestal, orange base
Crockwell:	Mutoscope (new), reel installed in plexiglass vitrine on metal pedestal, purple base
Crockwells	Mutoscope (mew), reel installed in plexiglass vitrine on metal pedestal, silver base